Welcome to Japan
THIS IS A START

BUT NOT THE WHOLE STORY

YOU ARE AN AMBASSADOR IN YOKOSUKA

THIS IS OUR PERSPECTIVE

THE JAPANESE VIEWPOINT IS DIFFERENT
Important Yokosuka Leadership

- 11,000 military
- 8,000 MLC/IHA
- 1,500 USCS
- 10,000 Family Members
Training Prerequisites

• COMUSJAPAN memo of 13 Feb 2013 states:
  – Before any military member is granted liberty off-installation the member must have completed:
    • Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Training (IAW Service-Specific instructions and Department of Defense Directive 6495.01) and
    • Japan Indoctrination Training (USFJI 36-2811) with added emphasis on Service Core Values within the past 12 months.

• This brief is given to emphasize core values and **DOES NOT** satisfy the requirement for AOB/ICR

• AOB/ICR is still mandated for all newly assigned military personnel
• **HONOR** - I am accountable for my professional and personal behavior. I will be mindful of the privilege I have to serve my fellow Americans.

• **COURAGE** - is the value that gives me the moral and mental strength to do what is right, with confidence and resolution, even in the face of temptation or adversity.

• **COMMITMENT** - The day-to-day duty of every man and woman in the Department of the Navy is to join together as a team to improve the quality of our work, our people and ourselves.
Army and Air Force CORE VALUES

Army
Loyalty
Duty
Respect
Selfless Service
Honor
Integrity
Personal Courage

Air Force
Integrity
Service
Excellence

***Bottom line do the right thing, even when no one is looking!***
COMUSJAPAN memo of 13 Feb 2013 states:

- **Curfew**: Military personnel, including those who are in a TDY/TAD, leave, pass status in Japan, in the grade of E-5 and below are subject to curfew between the hours of 2400 and 0500 on all days including holidays. Military personnel in other grades are not subject to curfew, unless otherwise directed by their authorized commander.

- A “liberty buddy” program is established, applicable to all military personnel in the grades of E-5 and below. From 1900 to 0500 hours, if off-installation in Japan, such personnel must be accompanied by a liberty buddy. The buddy may be:
  - An active duty military member
  - Another person with SOFA status
  - Other family members
  - Another responsible individual who has been approved by an authorized commander
Consumption of Alcohol

• According to Japanese law the minimum drinking age is 20

• COMUSJAPAN memo of 13 Feb 2013 states:
  – For **all military personnel, regardless of grade**, off-installation public consumption of alcohol is prohibited between **2400-0500**.
  – Public consumption of alcohol is any consumption of alcohol off of a military installation, except when in an off-installation residence, quarters or hotel room.
**Off Limits Areas**

**ON BASE**

- All marked areas
- Jetties
- Heloport
- Sewage treatment plant
- All rooftops
- Recreation services 30 minutes after closing until 30 minutes before sunrise
- All industrial areas, cranes, dry-docks, towers, tanks, warehouse, and storage facilities
- Seawall (except fishing areas)

**OFF BASE**

- Demonstration/Protest/Rallies
- All shops selling SPICE or other synthetic drugs
- Temples in Honcho area
- Other marked off-limit areas in Honcho
- Cemeteries
- Game Preserves (other than public areas)
- Japanese only clubs
- Houses of prostitution
- Pharmacies and Drug Stores
- Service members **MAY** use GOJ licensed massage parlors between the hours of 0600-2000.
Apology and Responsibility

THE JAPANESE GIVE USN WARRIOR-OFFICIALS TRUST, RESPECT, AND SPECIAL PRIVILEGES

IN RETURN, THE JAPANESE EXPECT USN PERSONNEL WILL ACT RESPONSIBLY AND PROTECT, NOT HURT, THE WEAK

THINGS ARE DIFFERENT IN JAPAN
"In regards to the case in which two U.S. sailors were arrested for an alleged gang-rape resulting injuries to a female in Okinawa, Commander, U.S. Naval Forces Japan, Rear Admiral Dan Cloyd, met with Vice Governor Kanetoshi Yoseda at the Okinawa Prefectural Government Office on the morning of October 23. “Please accept my deepest and most heartfelt apology for the grief and trauma the victim has endured and the anger it has caused among people in Okinawa,” Cloyd apologized.”
Negative Impact?

• Headline News – here, and sometimes back home

• Embarrassment to the United States and the Navy

• More rules and regulations imposed for everyone on base, including base lockdown

• It affects EVERYONE
• You are not in America – you are in Japan
• Things are different in Japan
• Understand Japanese customs and traditions
• Apology and responsibility are cultural and serious
• Set goals for yourself
• Venture out – See Japan and the world!
Japan takes custody of Kitty Hawk sailor
Seaman suspected in Yokosuka woman’s slaying
Page 4

Covered in a blanket, U.S. sailor William Oliver Reese, 21, is escorted by U.S. Navy officials to Yokosuka police station, southwest of Tokyo, as he is handed over to Japanese authorities Saturday. After being transferred to police from the U.S. Navy’s base in Yokosuka, Reese was arrested in connection with the robbing and beating to death of a Japanese woman last week.
• **Attempted Murder**
  
  – **Facts:**
    
    • E-2 stabbed two Japanese females in an off-base house (victims were 16 and 26)
    
    • Victims were both hospitalized with most serious victim receiving 3 months of medical treatment
  
  – **Consequences:**
    
    • E-2 was detained in a Japanese jail for more 6+ months prior to trail
    
    • Sentenced to imprisonment with hard labor for 5 years and 6 months with 50 days of pre-trial deducted
Status of Forces Agreement (SOFA)

- Agreement between U.S. and Japan
  - Established on 19 January 1960
  - Defines the rights and responsibilities of U.S. Forces personnel in Japan

- SOFA applies to:
  - Active Duty members
  - Civilian Components (DOD employees/contractors)
  - Family members
Japanese Criminal Jurisdiction –
SOFA Article XVII

Primary Jurisdiction:

• US military exercise primary jurisdiction over personnel subject to the UCMJ.

• Japanese authorities exercise primary jurisdiction over SOFA personnel for offenses committed within the territory of Japan.

• Japanese often waive jurisdiction for minor offenses.
Process:

- SOFA member apprehended/detained
- Police issues Agreed View (AV) 40: official notification of apprehension and/or detention
- Police & Prosecutor can detain member for 72 hours
- Magistrate hearing can extend detention for 10 days
- For serious cases, detention can be extended an additional 10 days, for a total of 23 days
- Official notification of intent to prosecute or release is done within 10 days for minor offenses and 20 days for serious offenses, after AV40 is issued
Japanese Criminal Jurisdiction – Disposition After Case

• Command decides appropriate punishment after Japanese authorities waive their jurisdictional rights. Action may include:
  • Court-martial – military
  • NJP – military
  • Civilian Administrative Forum (CAF) – civilians
Civilian Misconduct – CAF Process

- Civilian Administrative Forum
  - Subject has case heard before a CAF hearing
  - CAF officer forwards recommendation to CFAY
  - CFAY renders final decision
- Community Service
- Pay restitution
- Debarment from facilities or base counseling
- Removal from Japan – in this case, sponsor is still required to complete current overseas tour
Why is this Relevant?

• The Japanese provide SOFA (military AND civilian) personnel with special trust, respect, and privileges

• SOFA personnel are held in the same regard as:
  – Police, fire-fighters, teachers, elected officials, and Self-Defense Forces

• In return for this special status, the Japanese expect us to act responsibly and appropriately toward their citizens

Violation of this trust **negatively impacts** our relationship with our host nation and threatens our alliance
DOD program to provide Anti-Terrorism and Force Protection
All personnel are required to register in DBIDS:

- Places to register:
- ISO (Main gate)
- Bldg. 3365, 2F F.A.S.T. Office
- PSD I. D. section
- Mon – Fri from 0800 – 1600, (Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays, DBIDS is closed)
Japanese Customs & Manners
Cultural Awareness

The development of an etiquette-oriented culture in Japan originated in the native religion called Shinto, which translates as “Way of the Gods.”

The foundation for the social system is harmony - between men and gods, and among men - all within the context of the superior-inferior structure of the society.
Bowing has been the Japanese method of expressing greetings, saying farewell, apologizing and indicating understanding and acceptance.

- If you are greeted with a bow, return with a bow.
- Bow as low as the one you received.
- When you bow, keep your eyes low and your palms flat next to your thighs.
Table Manners

• Do not stick your chopsticks into the rice. Chopsticks are stuck into the rice only at a funeral.

• **Do not give or pass food from chop to chopstick:** This is only done with bones of dead person at a funeral.

• There is no tipping in Japan.
Etiquette & Manners that are NOT recommended in Japan

X

X
Do not talk loudly when in a crowd or on trains
Do not call out loudly or wave to people at a distance
No Eating, Drinking or Smoking in certain public areas

(most public areas smoking is not authorized)
Life in Fleet Activities, Yokosuka

- We are a Navy hometown
  - People support other community members

- We closely partner with Yokosuka City/JMSDF
  - We work as a team towards common goals

- We value our joint heritage and cultural diversity
  - Strategic alliance strength through diversity

- We volunteer to support our fleet, our families, and our community
  - Community outreach is a core value
Respect America

Respect Japan

Respect your Community

YOU ARE AN AMBASSADOR IN YOKOSUKA

Respect Yourself
Certificate of Completion

NAME

has successfully completed training for:

Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Training (IAW Service-Specific instructions and Department of Defense Directive 6495.01) and Japan Indoctrination Training (USFJI 36-2811) with added emphasis on Service Core Values within the past 12 months.

This brief is given to emphasize core values and DOES NOT satisfy the requirement for AOB/ICR. AOB/ICR is still mandated for all newly assigned military personnel.

Date

________________________________________
Command (name) Training Officer